

Republican rallies to be held in Decatur and vicinity.  
Below are the official dates of Republican meetings to be held in the near future:

Night Meetings.  
Warrensburg, Sept. 24—J. H. Mills.  
Lake City, Sept. 24—W. F. Calhoun  
and W. G. Cochran.

Blue Mound, September 24—Alex. McIntosh.

Blue Mound, Sept. 25—Roy Anderson, Curtis Abrams, of Taylorville.

At Long Creek Sept. 25 W. F. Calhoun.

At Oreada, Sept. 25—E. S. McDonald and James O'Mara.

At Decatur, Fifth ward tent meeting, Friday, Sept. 25—Hon. Theo. Steinmetz, of Chicago.

At Macon, Sept. 25—J. E. Sharrock.

At Beardstown, Sept. 26—W. F. Calhoun.

At Monticello, Sept. 28—W. F. Calhoun.

At Decatur—Sept. 28—Ex-Gov J. W. Pifer.

At Cerro Gordo, Sept. 29—W. F. Calhoun.

At Blue Mound, Oct. 1—J. E. Sharrock.

At Decatur, Oct. 8 Gen. Daniel E. Sickles and party.

Afternoon and Night.

Argenta, Sept. 30—Hon. James A. Connally, of Springfield; H. C. Atkin of Joliet, and Captain T. J. Smith, of Champaign. Music by the Cerro Gordo brass band and glee club. Torchlight procession at night.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Lucy Hart is visiting friends at Taylorville.

Mrs. A. Wait is visiting friends at Champaign.

Will Reeth, of Bloomington, was in the city to day.

Mrs. P. B. Provest is ill at her home on North Church street.

Rev. Father Louis Lamment, of Elmhurst, visited in the city yesterday.

Mrs. W. W. Mason left this afternoon for Taylorville. She will be absent several days.

Mrs. J. G. Crum, of Monticello, is in the city visiting her mother, Mrs. J. M. Miller.

Thomas McDermott has resigned his position at Hill's undertaking establishment.

Baldwin Starr and Charles Dawson will go to Linton to-morrow on a hunting trip.

Edg[e] r., little son of Mr. and Mrs. Walker is ill with lung fever at 509 East Prairie avenue.

Mrs. W. L. Ferguson and her daughter Mrs. Cass Nicholson, are visiting friends in Peoria.

Lynn Barnes will leave Saturday for New York City where no will attend a medical college this winter.

Rev. E. M. Sutton, who has been visiting relatives in the city, has returned to his home in Green Valley.

Mrs. Daniel Stoenecifer and daughter, Miss Dillon, left to-day for Ft. Wayne, where they will visit friends.

Rev. Geo. F. Hall left to day on a lecture tour through Iowa. He expects to be gone for several weeks.

Paul Heickisch left last night for Grand Rapids, Mich., where he will take a position as foreman in a manufacturing establishment.

Rev. W. A. Reynolds and wife, who have been visiting in the city with P. W. Taylor and family, left yesterday for their home in Clayton.

Rev. W. H. Penhailegen returned home last night from Davenport, Illinois, where he attended a meeting of the Springfield Presbytery.

Miss Mollie Abbott, of New Orleans, who has been in the city visiting Mrs. Frank Koch and Mrs. J. S. King, left to day for Pekin where she will visit friends.

Illinois Central Excursion.

Homeseekers' excursions at the low rate of one fare plus \$2 for the round trip—South—Homeseekers' excursions to all Illinois Central and the Yucatan and Mississippi Valley railroads, except Memphis and New Orleans; also to certain additional territory in the south and south-central states of the country traversed by the above mentioned roads, address at Peoria, Ill., August 4th and 5th, and Indiana, on August 4th and 5th, and October 1st, 15th and 29th, and October 6th and 20th. For a copy of the Southern Homeseekers' Guide, describing the advantages of the country traversed by the above mentioned roads, address at Manchester, Iowa, J. F. Merry, Assistant General Passenger Agent. For information in regard to railroad lands in south-central Illinois and in the famous Yucatan Valley of Mississippi, address at Chicago, Illinois, or at the office of the Illinois Central Railroad, Chicago.

Walter Holliday, a colored boy, lost a foot while attempting to board a moving train at Ocoee.

Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

## POLITICS AT BOSTON.

Gold and Silver Democrats are in Hot Contention.

## FALL HELD SECURE ALL NIGHT.

A Delegate Meets Death in an Effort to Get Food A Serious Situation for Warring Factions—Result of Overtures.

Sept. 26.—Probably never in the history of Democracy of Massachusetts has a Bay state convention been treated with so many sensational preliminaries to its session as there was uncertainty as to presents. As a result of the reorganization of the state committee to be controlled by standard men to admit delegates to the convention hall on credentials and the sensational speech of Mr. Williams, candidate of the free silver nomination for governor, among silver delegates present at last night's meeting remain in the hall on the convention was to be held during the night, daylight found no silver delegates holding the fort. At the same time the state committee and standard men are in conference at the Quincy house trying to formulate a plan to get the big rents out of the hall. When the silver men announced last night that they intended to remain in the hall all night, the delegation secured an audience with Mr. McKinley, the employees of Crescent steel works of Pittsburgh, Spain Chalfant & Co., of Akron; Pittsburgh locomotive works, and the citizens from Sharpsburg and other points along the Pittsburgh and Western road arrived. Mr. McKinley addressed them collectively.

Before the Turtle Creek delegation se-

cured an audience with Mr. McKinley, the employees of Crescent steel works of Pittsburgh, Spain Chalfant & Co., of Akron; Pittsburgh locomotive works, and the citizens from Sharpsburg and other points along the Pittsburgh and Western road arrived. Mr. McKinley addressed them collectively.

About noon the last of four sections of twelve coaches each bringing the em-

ployees of Jones & Laughlin's Co., steel workers from Omsburg, Pa., arrived and proceeded to the McKinley home. They were followed by the Turtle Creek, Pa., Republican club, largely made up of miners of New York and Cleveland Cou-

npany.

The excitement and agitation stirred up by these young ministers created so much interest in the statement and imputation Mr. Bryan was charged with having made that the stenographer who had recorded his speech was asked to transcribe it. And this is what the transcription gives as Mr. Bryan's attack upon the clergy:

"You will find in one cities preachers of the gospel enjoying every luxury themselves who are indifferent to the cries of distress which come up from the masses of the people. It was said of a princess of a foreign land when some one said to her, 'the people are crying for bread,' that she replied, 'why don't they eat cake?' Tell some of these ministers of the gospel that men out of work are driven into crime, and they can't understand why every one is not as well off as themselves. I have seen preachers of the gospel using even more bitter speech than politicians against the clamorings of the people, and I have wondered where they got the religion that they preached."

Nearly all the ministers who propose to assualt Mr. Bryan for his alleged imputation belong to the Methodist and Presbyterian churches, and they have announced that at a meeting of the Delaware Ministerial association on Monday next they will endeavor to have the matter fully discussed, with a view of having Mr. Bryan cleared by the association for his alleged insult to the clergy.

McKinley's Nebraska Majority.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 26.—Brad D. Slaughter, connected with the Republi-

can state central committee, says:

"McKinley will carry Nebraska, and his majority will not be less than 10,000. We are taking a careful, conscientious poll of the state, and thus far have covered counties and parts of counties representing about 149,000 votes. These counties are scattered all over the state, and do not include either Douglass or Lancaster counties, and in these 140,000 votes for McKinley as a majority of more than 8,000 votes over Bryan. We have made gains in many western counties where Populism has heretofore flourished like the proverbial green bay tree. Among these are Hayes and Harlan counties both hotbeds of Populism in the past, but which will not break even, if they are not carried by McKinley."

Actor Shot on the Stage.

Waco, Texas, Sept. 26.—Robert F. Fullington and John Johnson are members of

a local dramatic troupe that Thursday night filled a date at Garley, a few miles south of here. In one of the acts there was a shooting scene, in which Johnson was to do the shooting and Fullington was to be shot. Johnson used a muzzle loader, and it seems that he rammed to hard on the wad, converting it into a projectile, so that it flew like a bullet, and striking Fullington behind the ear, penetrated and inflicted a wound which is regarded as dangerous. When the audience saw the blood spouting from Fullington's head there was great excitement. Johnson brought Fullington here, and the surgeons are trying to save his life.

No Further Trouble at Leadville.

Leadville, Col., Sept. 26.—The night passed without an attack on the mines though the strikers were greatly excited over the importation of non-union men.

Several shots were fired during the night at guards near the Ibex mine but nobody was hit.

Weather This Afternoon and To-Morrow.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 26.—Illinois: Fair tonight and Sunday preceded by showers in central and south this afternoon. Cool extremes both tonight. Light to fresh northerly winds.

Weekly Bank Statement.

New York, Sept. 26.—The New York weekly bank statement shows reserve increase, \$8,762,000. The banks hold \$14,216,000 in excess of the legal requirements.

College Destroyed.

Clinton, Iowa, Sept. 26.—The Northern

Illinois college at Fulton burned this morning, loss \$100,000. Thirty students sleeping in the building escaped.

## The Daily Republican.

## DUBOISE'S TROUBLES.

Supporting his former opponent, Lincoln was particularly well received. When he spoke of the promise of Republican victory in Illinois, the crowd promised him 150,000 majority. Then in a patriotic strain he spoke of the nation and how in every trial of our history for more than 120 years we demonstrated our capacity for self-government. Concluding he said: "Now and then in popular elections we may have been swayed by passion from our emotions, but the American people can be fooled but once on a subject. Once deceived they never follow the deceiver a second time."

You have known times in our history when a majority of the people were made to believe certain policies would serve their best interests and when it transpired they did not, they swiftly turned upon the party which deceived them, turned them out of power (ries of good, good,) and they will do it again. The judgment of the people is swift and terrible against those who mislead or delude them."

Mr. McKinley then dwelt upon the danger of making class distinctions and referred to the fact that at the last presidential election the cry was to turn out "robber tariff." The result was the manufacturers instead of making too much money as was claimed were not making any and laboring men thrown out of employment.

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Fatal Result of a Quarrel.

New Orleans, Sept. 26.—Harry Goldsmith and Joseph Goldstein, two young business men, quarreled over a prank which one played on the other. Goldsmith shot and killed Goldstein and then blew out his own brains.

Bryan's Pilgrimage.

Boston, Sept. 26.—Candidate Bryan came in today from Dehaven where he lodged last night and took a train for Manchester, N. H. Several hundred people were there to see him off. They called for a speech but he declined.

Nashua, N. H., Sept. 26.—Bryan arrived at Lowell shortly after 9 o'clock.

The depot platform was crowded with howling humanity. The train stopped five minutes. The applause was so great and continuous that Bryan was unable to be heard, until just before the train started, when he spoke briefly. The train shed was lined with crowds for a block and they shouted and cheered most enthusiastically as the nominee passed.

Nashua was out in force to give the nominee a hearty greeting.

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**Daily Republican**

B. K. HAMSHER | W. F. CALHOUN.

HAMSHER &amp; CALHOUN, PROP'RS.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Entered at Decatur as second class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

By mail, postage paid, one year.....\$5.00

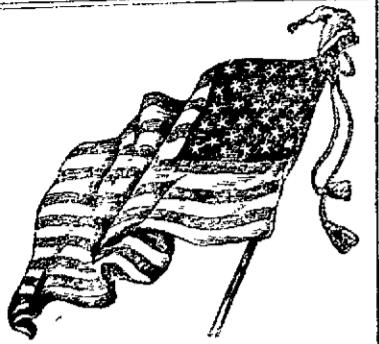
Delivered by carrier to any part of city.....\$5.00

Per week, 10 cents; Yearly, in advance.....\$5.00

Postal card requests, or orders through telephone No. 43, will secure early attention of carriers in any district.

Address THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 128 South Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1896.

**NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.**

For President, WILLIAM MCKINLEY.....Ohio

For Vice-President, GARRET A. HOBART.....New Jersey

**REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.**

Governor.....John R. Tanner

Lieutenant Governor.....W. A. Northcott

Secretary of State.....J. A. Rose

Auditor.....J. R. McCullough

Treasurer.....Henry L. Hertz

Attorney General.....E. C. Aiken

University Trustees—F. M. McKay, Chicago

T. J. Smith, Champaign; Mrs. Mary Turner Carroll, Jacksonville.

Clerks, Clerk of the Northern Grand Division, Supreme Court.....Chris Mamer

Clerk of the Central Grand Division, Supreme Court.....A. A. Cadwallader

Clerk of the Southern Grand Division, Supreme Court.....R. E. Mabry

Clerk of the Second Judicial District, Appellate Court.....C. C. Duffy

Clerk of the Third Judicial District, Appellate Court.....W. C. Hibbard

Clerk of the Fourth Judicial District, Appellate Court.....M. Emerson

**CONGRESSIONAL TICKET.**

17th District.....JAMES A. CONNOLLY

For Member State of Board Equalization.....THOMAS N. LEAVITT

For Elector.....H. N. SCHUYLER

**REPRESENTATIVES.**

W. G. Cochran.....Monroe County

James E. Sharrock.....Christian County

**COUNTY TICKET.**

For State Attorney.....Isaac R. Mills

For Circuit Clerk.....David L. Foster

For Coroner.....Jesse E. Bendure

For Surveyor.....George V. Lorin

**WANTED—Work by millions of unemployed Americans, thrown out of employment by millions of workmen in other countries, whose product comes here under the Wilson bill, and who buy what they eat from farmers from their own countries, and what they wear and use in furnishing their homes from foreign merchants. These American workmen are out of work, and many of them out of money, too. With the McKinley times of 1893 back again, employment is guaranteed. But they want work now, and want it badly. Payment in any money of the United States government today, silver, paper, or gold, 100 cents to every dollar, will be entirely satisfactory.****AMERICA FOR AMERICANS.**

Musical Times, Chicago: W. J. Bryan, candidate for president on the Democratic ticket, admits that he is already defeated. In answer to an inquiry by a personal friend in this city he said: "I have no more chance of being elected president this year on the silver ticket than a snowball has of remaining in hades."

West &amp; TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

WALDING, KINNAN &amp; MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75¢ per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Tea-mint free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

In a store window in Lincoln is an apple tree in full bloom, which also contains a matured crop of fruit.

When we consider that the intestines are about five times as long as the body, we can readily realize the intense suffering experienced when they become inflamed. DeWitt's Colic and Cholera Cure subdues inflammation at once and completely removes the difficulty. A. J. Stoner &amp; Son and Armstrong Bros.

It will be well to remember that the man by whose actions labor profits is the man who has brains enough to conduct a business which employs labor and not the fellow who never employs labor and whose heart is moved in such profound sympathy for labor only when he wants the vote of labor and to get it does all he can to array labor against those who employ it.

The same spiteful friends of labor who insult wage earners whose votes they cannot control and characterize them as slaves, are of the same class of spiteful patriots who, during the war, insulted Union soldiers they could not induce to desert. The laboring man whose vote they can control against his own interest is treated as a brave and wise citizen until after the election and when he complains of being out of work he is told that "any man who is out of work is dishonest." These fellows treated deserters the same way. After they had induced him to desert against his own honor, and his own interest he was treated as a great patriot and was their especial care; but as soon as the war was over and the matter of pensioning the soldiers came up, they showed so much abhorrence for a deserter and said harder things about him than those same sham patriots who fooled him into desertion.

Lightning struck the barn of J. Urich, near Green Valley, and killed two horses and a mule.

It would be hard to convince a man suffering from bilious colic that his agony is due to a microbe with an unpronounceable name. But one dose of DeWitt's Colic and Cholera Cure will convince him of its power to afford instant relief. It kills pain. A. J. Stoner &amp; Son and Armstrong Bros.

Hiram Leesman has purchased a 200-acre stock farm near Harrisburg for \$50 per acre.

Dangerous Drinking Water.

Death lurks in impure water. It breeds diseases, often in epidemic form.

The first symptom is looseness of the bowels. These diseases are checked by taking Foley's Colic and Diarrhea Cure. Neisler Drug &amp; Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

A big carload of Rooks Creek walnut logs has gone to Indiana for use in cabinet work.

Found.

At Neisler Drug &amp; Supply Co. and N. L. Krone's drug store, a marvelous cure for all kidney complaints, nervous exhaustion and female weakness. It is Foley's Kidney Cure.

Springfield is to have a new afternoon daily, a Democratic gold standard organ.

**Bismarck on Bimetallism.**

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The letter of Prince Bismarck to Gov. Culverson, of Texas, which the Bryanites are rolling as a sweet morsel under their tongues, is really not of the least advantage to them so far as the question now before the American people is concerned. Bismarck says he always has had a predilection for bimetallism and a mutual agreement between the principal nations of the world for its establishment. McKinley feels the same way upon the subject, and the Republican platform contains a declaration of like purport. But that is not what the Bryanites favor. They hoot at the idea of co-operation with foreign countries for the purpose of bringing about such a result, and loudly ask if the American Republic is not big and strong enough to have a financial policy of its own, "without waiting for the consent of any other nation." As a matter of fact, they are not for bimetallism at all. In the true and proper sense of the word. They talk glibly about the coining of both metals at a given ratio, but what they actually propose is the coining of silver under conditions that would inevitably drive all the gold out of the country and leave us only the white metal.

There is nothing in Bismarck's letter to indicate that he is in favor of such a policy. When he speaks of bimetallism he means the concurrent use of both gold and silver, and not the displacement of gold by silver. In other words, his predilection is for such a larger employment of silver as can be made consistent with the continued use of gold; and he plainly signifies that he does not believe the double standard can be maintained by the joint action of "the nations chiefly engaged in the world's commerce." He speaks of independent action by the people of the United States not as a thing sufficient in itself to settle the matter, but merely as a step that he thinks would probably "exert a most salutary influence upon the consummation of international agreement." That is to say, with such action taken by our country, the co-operation of other great nations would still be necessary, according to his view, to make the experiment a success. That is what he means, and his letter is not to be fairly interpreted in any other way. He does not say that he is friendly to the free and unlimited coining of silver, as advocated by the Bryanites, which would give us monometallism instead of bimetallism. On the contrary, he still favors an increased amount of silver currency whenever it can be secured by international agreement; and that is the position of the Republicans, and not of their opponents.

Fringes Trimmings.

A number of new dresses show fringe trimmings in various grades, qualities and kinds. There is a twisted silk fringe in heavy grade that makes a very pretty and appropriate trimming for wool costumes. One style resembles the fringe on the old-fashioned wool shawls. But little of this is in market as yet, but it is said to be one of the coming trimmings.

This kind of fringe has periodical revivals, but never lasts any length of time. It is imitated in such cheap goods that one season is quite as long a lease of life as it is likely to get.

What used to be known as willow fringe is to be worn again. It is brought out in very handsome and expensive styles. It is unquestionably one of the most attractive trimmings for black goods; but in colors it never comes out with very good effect. As black is to be one of the season's colors, this fringe will be prominent among the garnitures for the next few months.—N. Y. Ledger.

Labor Cheaper Than Fuel in Mexico.

Musical Times, Chicago: William H. Sloan, general director of Baptist missions in Mexico and for eight years a resident of the City of Mexico, in writing here (Springfield, Ohio) in regard to getting a needed larger printing press makes this singular statement:

"It would be better if it were one that could be turned by hand, for in this silver country labor is cheaper than any kind of fuel."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHEENEY &amp; CO., Props., Toledo, O. We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheeneys for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

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It would be hard to convince a man suffering from bilious colic that his agony is due to a microbe with an unpronounceable name.

But one dose of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is recommended to me as a pile cure so I bought a box and it performed a perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25¢ cents per box. For sale by E. A. West, the druggist.

The L. C. Cairns monument at Pontiac will cost \$5,000 and weighs 90,000 pounds.

Eli Hill, Lumber City, Pa., writes: "I have been suffering from piles for twenty-five years and thought my case incurable. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve was recommended to me as a pile cure so I bought a box and it performed a permanent cure." This is only one of thousands of similar cases. Eczema, sores and skin diseases will yield quickly when it is used. A. J. Stoner &amp; Son and Armstrong Bros.

The Grimes shoe store at Lincoln was sold to Mr. C. Eubanks, of Paris, Mo.

Dr. L. Kittinger, a leading physician of Wilmington, Del., asked the proprietor of Brazilian Balm to send him a dollar bottle. A few weeks afterwards the doctor said: "I had a couple of cases of old cough on hand that completely baffled me. I had got to the end of my string. But the Balm made a prompt cure in both cases. It is a remarkable remedy."

It kills pain. A. J. Stoner &amp; Son and Armstrong Bros.

For sale by Armstrong Bros., Druggists.

A new \$1,000 residence for Miss Anna Robison is to be built at Tremont.

BONTRICH, Ill., Aug. 14, 1895.

"I am subject to Cramps and Colic, and have used many remedies, but find Foley's Colic and Diarrhea Cure beats them all." W. L. YEATS.

Neisler Drug &amp; Supply Co. and N. L. Krone.

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A big carload of Rooks Creek walnut logs has gone to Indiana for use in cabinet work.

Diagnosis of Grippe.

True grippe is a germ disease. These germs are in the circulation and pervade every tissue and organ of the body. This brings speedy collapse and often death to the aged and debilitated.

The only germicide known that searches out and destroys every grippe germ in the system is Brazilian Balm. A week or ten days' treatment effects a complete cure.

Springfield is to have a new afternoon daily, a Democratic gold standard organ.

**WANTED TO SEE A WRECK.**

Two Orange Boys Attempt to Ditch a Freight Car.

"Robby" Penn and "Tommy" Spurr, of Orange, N. J., having tired of spinning tops, making mud pies and playing "tag," longed for something exciting. They wandered into the Delaware, Lackawanna &amp; Western freight yard, and watched a freight engine "driving" loaded cars onto sidings.

"Did you ever see a train wreck, Tommy?" asked "Robby."

"Nope," answered "Tommy."

"Neither did I," said "Robby."

"Wouldn't it be fun, though?"

"You bet. I just like to see one of these cars go scotin' off the track an' turn a somerset."

There was one more car to drill.

"Robby" and "Tommy" saw the brakeman turn a switch and then jump on the engine, which started the car and then left it.

"What d'ye say, 'Robby?'" asked "Tommy."

"Yes, let's."

They darted across the tracks and turned a switch so that the approaching car would go on to a "blind" siding and then into a ditch.

Freight Agent A. T. Grinstead, through a window of his office, saw what the boys had done. He ran and reached the switch just in time to pull it over and save the car.

A policeman took the two scared boys to the Center street police station. They were in dark cells all night. Justice Davis in the morning told them they were liable to three years' imprisonment. They sobbed and said they didn't mean any harm. Then, after a severe lecture, the justice turned them over to their parents, who were in court.

Neither "Robby" nor "Tommy" was visible that afternoon. The rod had not been spared.—N. Y. Herald.

Fringes Trimmings.

A number of new dresses show fringe trimmings in various grades, qualities and kinds. There is a twisted silk fringe in heavy grade that makes a very pretty and appropriate trimming for wool costumes.

One style resembles the fringe on the old-fashioned wool shawls. But little of this is in market as yet, but it is said to be one of the coming trimmings.

This kind of fringe has periodical revivals, but never lasts any length of time. It is imitated in such cheap goods that one season is quite as long a lease of life as it is likely to get.

What used to be known as willow fringe is to be worn again. It is brought out in very handsome and expensive styles. It is unquestionably one of the most attractive trimmings for black goods; but in colors it never comes out with very good effect.

As black is to be one of the season's colors, this fringe will be prominent among the garnitures for the next few months.—N. Y. Ledger.

Linen Department.

1600 yards Plaids, part wool just the

leng Sale  
ank Store  
nning Monday, Sept. 21.

10 dozen Hair Brushes, price 15c  
and 20c, Challenge Sale. . . . . 9c  
10 doz. Ladies' and Misses' Tan O'.  
Shant, all colors, nicely trimmed,  
Challenge Sale. . . . . 15c

**BLANKET AND QUILT DEPT.**

72 pairs all wool white Blankets,  
10 4, per pair, Challenge Sale. . . . . 25c

72 pairs Grey Blankets, 10-4, Chal-  
lenge Sale. . . . . 25c

100 pairs Grey Blankets, full size,  
Challenge Sale. . . . . 15c

10 dozen full size Quilts, elegant  
patterns, Challenge Sale. . . . . 3c

**CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.**

250 pairs men's black cotton worsted  
Pants, just as good as you pay  
\$1.50 for, Challenge Sale. . . . . 7c

150 pairs men's black worsted Pants,  
fancy styles, good enough for Sun-  
day, price \$2, Challenge Sale. . . . . 15c

250 pairs men's Heavy Pants Chal-  
lenge Sale. . . . . 15c

175 pairs men's fine cassimere all  
wool Pants, fancy stripes, price 83  
and \$1.50, Challenge Sale. . . . . 15c

200 pairs Pants, custom made goods,  
price \$3 and \$6, for this Challenge  
Sale. . . . . 30c

**BOYS' CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.**

500 pairs Children's Overalls, price  
25c, Challenge Sale. . . . . 15c

75 Boys' Suits, price \$2.50, Chal-  
lenge Sale. . . . . 15c

100 Boys' Suits, fancy patterns, price  
83 and \$2.50, Challenge Sale. . . . . 15c

85 Boys' Suits, strictly all wool in  
bright colors, would be cheap at  
\$1, Challenge Sale. . . . . 25c

**GENTS' FURNISHINGS DEPT**

30 dozen Shirts and Drawers, just  
as good as you pay \$1.50 for, Chal-  
lenge Sale. . . . . 49c

75 dozen Shirts and Drawers, fine  
Merino, would be cheap at \$1,  
Challenge Sale. . . . . 25c

75 dozen men's fine Fedora Hats, in  
all colors, price \$1.25 and \$1.50,  
Challenge Sale. . . . . 15c

50 dozen men's Fedora Hats in bet-  
ter grade, price \$2, Challenge Sale. . . . . 9c

25 dozen men's Night Gowns, fancy  
fronts, would be cheap at 75c,  
Challenge Sale. . . . . 48c

50 dozen men's Ties, sold at 50c,  
Challenge sale. . . . . 24c

which cannot be written in the paper  
this is the only store where you can  
all Profits."

refunded if goods are not satisfactory.

**ANK STORE,**

Water Streets, Decatur, Ill.

ARRIVING DAILY.

at 8 o'clock each evening.

20th CENTURY  
...MEDICAL INSTITUTE...

A Little in Advance, But  
It Pays.

TAKE THE DR. WALSH ROUTE;  
TO HEALTH.

Shortest,  
Surest,  
Safest.

....CONSULTATION FREE....

**TIME TABLE:**

Nervous Debility. . . . . 1 to 4 months

Uterine Disease. . . . . 1 to 3 months

Varicose. . . . . 7 days

Hydrocele. . . . . 14 days

Rupture. . . . . 2 to 12 months

Consumption. . . . . 2 to 12 months

In Proportion. Remember, we not only  
cure within our time limit.

Get Your Health Away.

the opportunity. It is a daily occurrence for us  
to treat the patient they waited too long; that their case  
of disease that human flesh is heir to that we  
if they consult us in time, but there is a stage in  
you reached that stage? If not, do not expect

pays. Our Testimonials and  
are the Best.

CAUSES TAKEN.

Pasfield Block. OFFICE DAYS: Mondays,  
every week; 9 to 12, 2 to 5, 7 to 8.

YOU TRIED

FOAM and

GE

OUR?

a Trial Order.  
No Superior.

MILLING CO.

# Men's New Stylish Suits

For Fall and Winter,  
In All the Newest Effects.

In Brown Cheviot Plaids.  
In Worsted Cheviots in Brown and black.  
In Worsted Cheviots, grey effects.

CUT AND MAKE PERFECT,

At \$12.00 and \$15.00.

**MEN'S CHEAP CASSIMERE AND CHEVIOT SUITS,**  
At \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.

Nothing like them ever was sold—  
The kind we show at these prices.

**MEN'S PANTALOONS,**  
At \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.  
GOOD VALUES.

**BOYS' DEPARTMENT.**

Full of Good Suits and Pants, for Boys 3 years and  
upwards. Better goods for the money than ever.

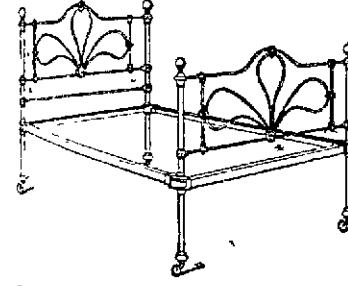
**NEW FALL HATS,**  
In Derby and Soft Styles.  
AGENTS FOR THE KNOX HATS.

**Ottenheimer & Co.**

The Progressive Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.

Telephone 182. MASONIC TEMPLE

## September Sale!



\$27 Bed Room Suits,	\$22
\$25 " "	\$20
\$22 " "	\$18
\$18 " "	\$15

See our Genuine Leather Cobbler Seat Rocker, \$1.75.

This is your chance to save money. Our stock never was  
more complete nor prices near so low.

"The Big Store,"  
**Bachman Bros. & Martin Co.**  
ONE BLOCK EAST OF MILLIKIN BANK.

## TWO PANTS TO ONE COAT

That's about the wear-out average. A coat and vest  
will wear out two pairs of trousers. How are you  
fixed? Don't you need a pair of pants? Now we'll  
tell you about them.

Neat Stripes,	Quiet Mixtures,	Nobby Checks,	Handsome Worsted,
\$1.00	\$1.50	\$2.00	\$3.50

They're a going to go. We've put the good-bye price on them,  
and you could ordinarily buy but one leg with the price that now  
gets the whole pair.

I. Maienthal & Sons'

NEW CLOTHING STORE,

222 North Main St.



HAVE YOU TRIED  
CHASE & SANBORN'S  
COFFEES?  
Only Sold at  
"The Economy,"  
221 North Water Street.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Writing tablets from 1 to 25 cents at  
Armstrong Bros., 2nd fl.

Smoke the famous Leda, a fine 10 cent  
er, made by John Weigand. March 25 cf.

Irwin's female tonic gives the best satis-  
faction; large bottle 75c.

Attorney Hugh Crea left for Chicago  
last night on a business trip.

Dr. H. P. Bachman, dentist rooms 7,  
8 and 9, in Temple block. 5 dt.

Chronic catarrh can be cured by taking  
Irwin's catarrh cure.

Telephone Rock Plaster Co. for  
Lime, Cement and Rock Plaster.

Prof. Leonard and family have moved  
their apartments from the Columbia block  
to the Temple block.

What's the matter with you? Consti-  
pated? Cascarets will cure. Eat them  
like candy.

The Grand Opera House cigars made  
by Johnny Weigand are the best in town.  
mch 25 dt

Fine line of best Perfumes at lowest  
prices at West's Drug Store. Palmer's  
Frangipanni at 60c an ounce this week.

**BEST Imported Cement for Side-  
walks;** warranted. Decatur Rock Plaster  
Co., new phone 628.

Mama eats a Cascaret, baby gets the  
benefit. Cascarets make mother's milk  
mildly purgative.

Rubber tires for surreys and buggies.  
George S. Durfee & Bro., 158 South Water  
street. 11-dif

Darrow Brothers sell the famous Val  
Blatz Milwaukee bottled beer. Try a  
case. Please telephone 654.

Just before going to bed eat a Cascaret  
candy cathartic. Makes you feel fine in  
the morning.

Prescriptions and medicines delivered  
to any part of the city. Armstrong Bros.,  
druggists, corner North Main and William  
street. Telephone 452. 27-dif

"Wake up, Jacob, day is breaking!"  
so said DeWitt's Little Early Risers to  
the man who had taken them to arouse  
his sluggish liver. A. J. Stoner & Son  
and Armstrong Bros.

Call at the C. B. Prescott music house  
and inspect those elegant Hume and Reed  
& Son's pianos. They are beauties and  
can be had at low figures.

Palmer's celebrated perfume, Frangi-  
pani—sells everywhere at \$1.00 an  
ounce—at West's Drug Store this week  
60c an ounce.

The bargains offered at our Septem-  
ber sales in the past is a guarantee to  
our many customers that when we ad-  
vertise bargains we give them. And we  
will offer at this sale better goods for  
less money than ever before offered.

Pass the good word along the line.  
Piles can be quickly cured without an  
operation by simply applying DeWitt's  
Witch Hazel Salve. A. J. Stoner & Son  
and Armstrong Bros.

The alarm of fire yesterday afternoon  
was caused by a little blaze at the rear of  
232 West William street. The depart-  
ment turned out in a hurry.

Mrs. N. J. Carter is moving her board-  
ing house from the Abbott residence to  
the Maxwell house at the corner of West  
William and Church streets.

Small in size, but great in results.  
DeWitt's Little Early Risers act gently  
but thoroughly, curing indigestion, dys-  
pepsia and constipation. Small pill, safe  
pill, best pill. A. J. Stoner & Son and  
Armstrong Bros.

In Justice Provost's court W. L. White  
had sued Dennis Dinger for \$10.50 which  
he claims is due him for work. The case  
will be heard Monday.

Elder E. B. Randle will occupy the pul-  
pit at Grace M. E. church Sunday even-  
ing and Rev. Mr. Spaldy, the now pastor  
for the U. B. church will preach morning  
and evening.

Persons who have a coughing spell  
every night, on account of a tickling  
sensation in the throat, may overcome it  
at once by a dose of One Minute  
Cough Cure. A. J. Stoner & Son and  
Armstrong Bros.

In Justice Shorb's court Bert Parish  
has sued A. T. Risley for \$150, the price  
of a horse and carriage which he sold Mr.  
Risley's wife, and which he claims Mr.  
Risley will not pay. The hearing of the  
suit is set for Monday.

Postmaster Greenberry Martin yester-  
day made complaint in Justice Hardy's  
court that J. H. Corey had violated the  
law by allowing a horse to run at large  
and a warrant for Corey was issued.  
The hearing was set for Monday at 1  
p.m.

The funeral of Mrs. Lulu Smith was  
held at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon  
from the Antioch Baptist church, and  
was largely attended. The services were  
conducted by Rev. Mr. Dortsch. The pall  
bearers were Ed. Thomas, Will Isabel,  
John Rhodes, Cook Long, C. Ryder and  
J. Stokes.

A Household Necessity.

No family should be without Foley's  
Colic and Diarrhea Cure, for all bowel  
complaints. Neister Drug & Supply Co.

and Armstrong Bros.

17, K. P., in opera block, given by  
Decatur division, No. 36, Uniform rank.

A Household Necessity.

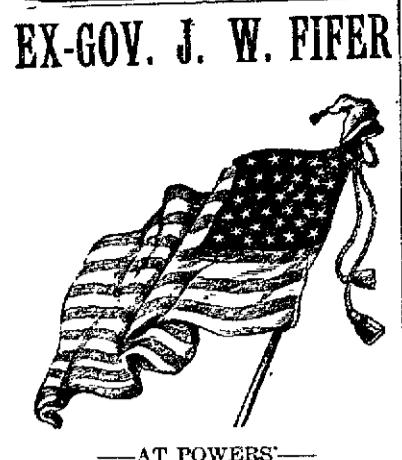
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**EX-GOV. J. W. FIFER**  
Grand Opera House,  
MONDAY EVENING,  
September 28, 1896!

Will address His Fellow Citizens on Sound Money, Patriotism and Prosperity. Every Sound Money Man and every man who is seeking information should hear the eloquent ex-governor, and make this a grand Republican rally.

**Music by Band--Glee Club.**

BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

Orders to McKinley Marching Clubs

All members of the McKinley marching clubs are hereby requested to meet at their respective headquarters on Monday the 28th inst at 7 o'clock p.m. and march thence to the place designated below:

First ward take position on the east side of Church street between William and Prairie, right resting on Prairie avenue.

Second ward take position on the west side of Church street between William and Prairie, their right resting on Prairie avenue.

Third ward take position on the east side of Church street between Main and Prairie, their right resting on Prairie avenue.

Fourth ward take position on the west side of Church street between Main and Prairie, their right resting on Prairie avenue.

Fifth and Sixth wards take position on Prairie avenue west of Church the right of the Fifth resting on Church and the right of the Sixth resting on the left of the Fifth.

Seventh ward take position on Prairie avenue, their right resting on the left of the Sixth ward.

The Bill Starr Tanner club take position on Prairie avenue their right resting on Republican headquarters.

The Sound Money Bicycle club take position on William street west of Church their right resting on Church street.

Goodman's band will report at Republican headquarters.

The Third ward martial band will report to Captain B. F. Waiter at Kuter's grocery store.

The drum and bugle corps will report to Captain A. E. Park of the Seventh ward at the corner of North Monroe and King streets. All clubs are expected to be in their designated positions at 7:30 p.m.

Ward captains will form their companies in columns of fours, their uniformed men on the right.

By order of Arthur J. Gallagher, colonel commanding.

H. M. Moore, adjutant.

Decatur, Ill., Sept. 24.

Club calls.

The Second ward McKinley club and all other Republicans of the Second ward will meet at the corner of William and Edward street Monday night at 7 o'clock.

Bert C. Bobb, captain.

The Fifth ward McKinley club and all other Republicans of the Fifth ward will meet at Kraft's bottling works Monday night at 7 o'clock.

Ben Hawkins, captain.

The German McKinley club will meet at Kraft's bottling works Monday night at 7 o'clock. Will Genderney, captain.

The Sixth ward McKinley club and all other Republicans of the Sixth ward will meet at the Warren street school house Monday night at 7 o'clock.

August Burkman, captain.

The members of the McKinley marching club of the Seventh precinct will meet Monday evening at 7 o'clock sharp at Jacobs grocery store. W. H. Spence, chairman.

All members of the Seventh ward McKinley club and all other Republicans who desire to march will meet at the corner of Monroe and King streets, Monday evening at 7 o'clock sharp. By order of A. E. Park, captain of Seventh ward—26d-2t.

Members of the Third ward McKinley club, and the Gunker martial band are earnestly requested to report in uniform at Kuter's grocery, Monday evening, Sept. 28, at 7 o'clock sharp. This request is cordially but earnestly extended to all Republicans of the Third ward. Come and march with us. Respectfully,

B. F. Waiter, captain.

**GAIL BORDEN EAGLE Brand**  
CONDENSED MILK.  
Has No Equal  
SOLD EVERYWHERE

**THE REPUBLICAN WOMEN.**  
They Hold a Meeting This Afternoon at Abbott's Hall Which was Largely Attended.

The Republican women of the city held a meeting this afternoon at Abbott's hall. There was an audience of about seventy-five women. Mrs. J. G. Baderhausen presided and Miss Murphy was the secretary. The first business was the reports of the different ward meetings. The following officers were reported elected:

First Ward—The following are the officers: First precinct chairman, Miss Chloe A. Murphy; secretary, Miss Mary Murphy. Second precinct, chairman, Mrs. Underwood; secretary, Mrs. Lindmoor.

Third Ward—Chairman, Mrs. H. K. Midkiff; secretary, Mrs. A. H. Cope.

Fifth Ward—The ladies of the Fifth ward have elected the following officers: First precinct, chairman, Mrs. Conway; secretary, Mrs. Duncan. Second precinct, chairman and secretary, Mrs. Canton.

The ladies of this ward will take up the study of the political questions of the day.

Sixth Ward—Eleventh precinct, chairman, Mrs. Wells; secretary, Mrs. Zuntz. Twelfth precinct chairman, Mrs. Waiter; secretary, Mrs. Turpin.

Seventh Ward—Chairman, Mrs. W. W. Brown; secretary; secretary, Miss Lizzie Whitehurst.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and accepted and a question box was conducted by Mrs. Alice Shellabarger-Hall. Dr. W. F. Calhoun was introduced and addressed the ladies on political questions. The ladies have now perfected the organization of their club and each ward has been separately organized.

John Boyd Thacher Declines. Albany, N. Y., Sept. 26.—John Boyd Thacher today declines the Democratic nomination for governor in a statement to the notification committee.

John Boyd Thacher declined the Democratic nomination for governor of New York. This was the day set for the visit of the committee appointed by the Democratic state committee to notify him of his nomination. In advance of their coming he issued a letter of declination. The letter says he did not learn of the nomination till the evening of the day he was nominated and it was at 9 o'clock that night before he learned the character of that platform. He had no reason to expect after Saratoga convention and the attitude of the New York delegates in the national convention that the convention which nominated him would commit the Democratic party unreservedly to all parts of the Chicago platform. He declares he did not seek the nomination but was willing and prepared to organize the party from one end of the state to the other against bosses. It developed, however, he said, in consideration of resolution by which state the committee appointed a committee of notification there is strong desire on the part of the Democratic party to contest the election on the abstract question of unlimited coinage of silver at the unalterable ratio of 16 to 1, and ignore every state issue. He declared it is impossible for him with the views he holds to make a contest on a free coinage issue. He says he believes "in the good old Democratic doctrine, joint, free, equal use of gold and silver. This doctrine is as far removed from the single use of gold which enables speculators to juggle with its value as it is from that other principle which seeks to establish an impossible ratio for its sister metal."

With an expression in the belief that conservatism will in the end prevail, Thacher declines to make the race.

**SUNDAY SERVICES.**

CUMBERLAND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Rev. A. H. Hobart, pastor, services in W. C. U. hall Sunday school at 9:30 a.m. Preaching at 10:45 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. by the pastor. Morning theme, "Who Is on the Lord's Side?" Evening, "How to Make a Great Name." Endeavor school at 6 p.m.

CHRISTIAN UNION CHURCH. Church street, between Eldorado and North school, Sunday school at 9:30 a.m., C. W. Lewman, Supt. Preaching at 10:45 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. by Rev. J. H. Stark. Morning subject, "Religion and Some of Its Standard Works." Life's Work. Will send a cordial invitation to attend these services to every one.

LEHIGH AVENUE CHURCH. Lehigh Avenue Sunday School at 9 a.m. Riverside Mission School at 2:30 p.m.

UNITED BRETHREN IN CHRIST CHURCH. At the Centenary U. B. church, corner of N. Washington and Franklin streets. Rev. W. F. Hobbs, pastor. Sunday school at 10:45 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Morning service at 10:45 a.m. by Dr. R. C. Hobbs, of Centenary church, Jacksonville. In the evening at 7:30 p.m. Morning service at 11:00 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Morning service at 7:30 p.m. Evening "Evaluation of Man." Juniors meet at 3:30 p.m.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Sunday school at 9:30 a.m. A. H. Mills, supt. Services at 10:45 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Morning service, "Knocking at the Door." Topic in the evening, "Money." Christian Endeavor at 6:45 p.m. Stranger and non-members not worshipping elsewhere are cordially invited.

LEHIGH AVENUE CHURCH—PATENT. Lehigh Avenue Sunday School at 9:30 a.m. Rev. Frank N. Atkin, rector. Sunday school at 9:30 a.m. Holy Communion at 7:30 a.m. Morning prayer, Litany and sermon at 10:30 a.m. Dr. W. Chilton will sing a solo in the morning.

CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST. Sunday services at 10:30 a.m. subject, "Review." Friday evening meeting at 7:45. Front rooms, second floor, Review Building.

FIRST F.D. CHURCH. Rev. D. F. Howe pastor. Class meeting at 9 a.m. Sunday school at 9:45 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Endeavor service at 10:45 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to the general public and to all not worshipping elsewhere.

THE WOMAN'S CLUB. James Russell Lowell and current topics will be the subject for the lesson of the Sorosis division Monday.

The Chautauqua division will hold a meeting Tuesday afternoon. The members will not begin their work until the first of October.

Tuesday evening the Psalms division will meet and discuss Cymbeline and current events.

The Shakespeare division will meet on Wednesday and study Titus Andronicus. The art and literature division are at work on general art subjects. They will take up the study of Faust later.

The musical division will meet Friday afternoon. They have begun the study of symphony.

The regular monthly meeting of the club will be held Monday Oct. 5, Rev. D. F. Howe will make an address. Preceding the general meeting the members of the directory of the club will meet and at that time names of those wishing administration may be presented.

Special Assessment Notice

Public notice is hereby given that the county court of Macon county, State of Illinois has rendered judgment for a special assessment upon the property benefited by the following improvement known as the Fourth Ward sewer, as will more fully appear from the certified copy of the same on file in my office; that a warrant for the collection of said assessments is in the hands of the undersigned.

All persons interested are hereby notified to pay the amounts assessed at the collector's office being the city clerk's office, within the time限 of 30 days from the date of this notice, this 29th day of September, A. D. 1896. Sept. 24-1896. F. L. HAYS, City Clerk.

FOR RENT—A store room on North Main street; formerly occupied by G. W. Davidson. Rent \$15 per month. Apply to J. H. Race.

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**WEAR !**  
**RWEAR.**

The strengthening cold  
we are in an

quards, very heavy, rich colors.  
Fancies, worth \$1.25.  
of Fancy Fall Trimmings.

TS...

ck we offer one Special Lot:  
Made Suits, all sizes, the new shades and  
widths \$10, \$12 and \$15, go at \$7.15.  
appers are on sale. Our new 98c, \$1.25  
appers have never been equaled for style.

s heavy weight Chinchilla Jackets, worth  
on Ladies' fall weight Jackets:

\$1.90. \$7.50 Jackets go at \$4.90.

\$10.00 Jackets go at \$6.49.

s. with French neck, pearl buttons and  
no dealer sells a better garment for \$1.50.  
un this entire line at \$1.00 each.

lren's Hosiery and Underwear is the most

Wool Blankets, up to 124, white or tan-  
s. per pair, \$4.40.

complete line of every sort and grade,  
fot at a comfortable price.

aderful, instructive, enter-  
ter.

**SCRUGGS**  
CARPET COMPANY

JUST A WORD  
TO MOTHER  
in the Little Ones' Behalf.

Parental Delight on tap in infinite  
variety at

**STINE'S.**

Others will find best reward of care for  
and pride in children

or School and Sabbath  
sied Fall provision for

N'S|SUITs.

et to Control It.

TINE  
THING CO.

on of the following  
SPECIALTIES.

"flex" double  
at choice  
braided, at  
50—the suit  
blue.

orsted Sailor  
ing, \$5.50.

color grades—  
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ers who draw  
\$5.50.

Everything  
nursery and

UT PRICES  
der growth to investigate offerings

ERCOATS and

LOTHING CO.,  
TH WATER ST.

# BICYCLES!

# BICYCLES!

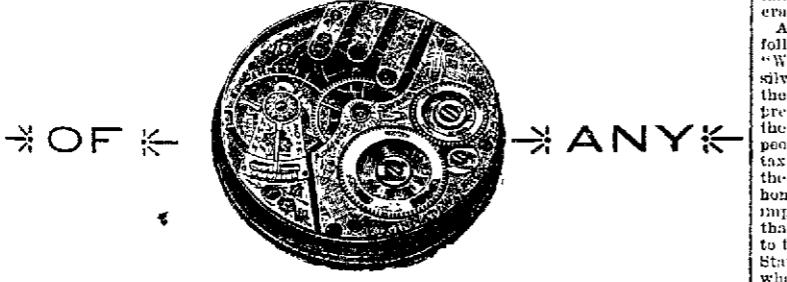
# BICYCLES!

New, from \$35 Up

Second-Hand Wheels,  
Sundries, Repairing,  
and Wheels to Rent.

**J. F. FARIES,**  
447 North Water Street.

DO YOU  
NEED A WATCH



Kind or Price?  
SEE  
**W. R. Abbott & Co.,**  
WATCH DEALERS.

**COMBINATION  
SUITS  
for LADIES  
and CHILDREN.**  
FINE UNDERWEAR  
FRONT BACK  
LADIES, CHILDREN & MISSES

My New Goods are in and ready for inspection. Can  
give you some great values.

**H. C. Anthony**  
DEGATUR, ILL.

## HON. CARL SCHURZ

The Great German-American  
Statesman Speaks For Sound  
Money at Chicago.

Facts, Arguments, Logic, Wit and  
Sarcasm Presented In a  
Masterly Way.

Why Prices Have Declined—The Alleged  
"Crime of 1873" Has Not Made Goods  
Cheaper—The Consequences of a Free  
Silver Victory in November Would Be  
Panics, Bankruptcy and Universal Dis-  
tress and Poverty—Free Coinage at Six-  
teen to One Means Silver Monometalism—  
Wings Will Be Dashed Down and  
Half of the People's Savings Will Be  
Lost—Appeals to Prejudice In Support  
of Repudiation Policies Are Immoral  
and Bound to Fail.

Hon. Carl Schurz, ex-secretary of the interior, delivered an address on September 1st, in Central Music Hall, Chicago, on the issues of the campaign, under the auspices of the American Honest Money League. Every seat in the hall was filled, many persons who desired admission being turned away for lack of room. The address in part was as follows:

FELLOW CITIZENS—I have come from the east to the west to speak to you for honest money. I do not imagine myself to be in an "enemy's country." There is to me no enemy's country within the boundaries of this republic. Wherever I am among Americans I am among fellow citizens and friends bound together by common interests and a common patriotic love. In this speech I have the question of the day. I shall not deal in financial philosophy, but in hard and dry facts.

There are sporadic discontents in the country, partly genuine, partly produced by artificial agitation. They may be specified thus: There are farmers who complain of the low prices of agricultural products; laboring men complaining of a lack of remunerative employment; men in all sorts of pursuits com-

plaining of a general business stagnation and a scarcity of money. In some parts of the country, especially the south and west, there are complaints concerning the want of capital and a too high rate of interest. The cry for more money is the favorite cry. These are the principal and the most definite complaints. Beyond them, however, an impression has been spread by agitators that an organized conspiracy of moneyed men, mainly great bankers, in America and in Europe, backed by the monarchs and aristocracies of the Atlantic, is seeking the general establishment of the gold standard of value to monopolize or corner the world's money to the general detriment.

All this has found definite expression in the following declaration of the Chicago platform: "We declare that the act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people has resulted in the appreciation of gold and depreciating the value of the precious commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money lending class at home and abroad; prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people." Many well that all these evil consequences are ascribed to the demonetization of silver in the United States alone; to its demagnetization, any way you like to call it. The present presence of a sufficient supply of the free coinage of silver in the United States alone, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation.

This platform is amplified by free coinage operators, who say that the act of 1873, called "the crime of 1873," has surreptitiously "whipped up" the price of silver, and that the price of silver that in consequence—the remaining half of our metallic money—namely, gold—as a basis of the whole financial structure, has to do the same business that formerly was done by gold and silver together; that thereby gold has risen to about double its former purchasing power, the gold dollar being virtually a 200 cent dollar; that the man who produces things for us, the farmer, the manufacturer, the worker, while debts payable on the gold basis have become twice as heavy, and that the fall of prices and increase of burdens is enriching the money changers and oppressing the people.

What are the Facts? Cited by the arguments of the opponents of silver, which was started by the silver miners and taken up by the "cheap money" men, contrasted two lives, one in 1873, the other in 1860; in particular of which over 420,000,000 of silver dollars were added to our currency, more than 50 times as many dollars as had ever been coined before, besides a large addition to our subsidiary silver coins. Our paper money was largely increased, so that in 1873, the year in which the American people were told to have been robbed of half their money—while in 1873, we say, we had \$2,217,000,000 in money in the United States, we had \$2,217,000,000 in 1873, nearly three times as much, and while in 1873 the circulation was \$18.04 per capita, it was \$22.06 per capita in 1860—fifty times as many silver dollars and many times more than the amount of gold coins. The result was that the world's supply of silver, gained upon the increase of the world's demand, went up a wonder that in the world's market, which rules the price for all exporting countries, that price should have declined? Is not this an infinitely more rational explanation of the decline in prices than to ascribe that decline to the so-called demonetization law of 1873, which practically demonstrated nothing, but was actually followed by an increase of silver? The price of silver, far higher than it ever had been before, and higher than it is in any other country except one? You might as well ascribe our civil war to the great drought.

Our Recent Silver Laws. Cited by the arguments of the opponents of silver, which was started by the silver miners and taken up by the "cheap money" men, contrasted two lives, one in 1873, the other in 1860; in particular of which over 420,000,000 of silver dollars were added to our currency, more than 50 times as many dollars as had ever been coined before, besides a large addition to our subsidiary silver coins. Our paper money was largely increased, so that in 1873, the year in which the American people were told to have been robbed of half their money—while in 1873, we say, we had \$2,217,000,000 in money in the United States, we had \$2,217,000,000 in 1873, nearly three times as much, and while in 1873 the circulation was \$18.04 per capita, it was \$22.06 per capita in 1860—fifty times as many silver dollars and many times more than the amount of gold coins. The result was that the world's supply of silver, gained upon the increase of the world's demand, went up a wonder that in the world's market, which rules the price for all exporting countries, that price should have declined? Is not this an infinitely more rational explanation of the decline in prices than to ascribe that decline to the so-called demonetization law of 1873, which practically demonstrated nothing, but was actually followed by an increase of silver? The price of silver, far higher than it ever had been before, and higher than it is in any other country except one? You might as well ascribe our civil war to the great drought.

Another thing is equally clear. Whenever a change in the prices of commodities is caused by a change in supply or demand or both, then the price of one article is likely to differ from another.

Thus, wheat may rise in price, the supply being proportionately short, while at the same time cotton may decline in price, the supply being proportionately abundant. But when a change of prices takes place in consequence of a great change in the purchasing power of the money of the country, especially when that change is sudden, then the effect must be equal or at least approximately so, as to all articles that are bought or sold with the same money.

If by the so-called demonetization of silver in 1873 the gold dollar or the dollar on the gold basis became a 200 cent dollar at all, then it became a 200 cent dollar at once and for everything. It could not possibly be at the same time a 200 cent dollar for wheat, and a 125 cent dollar for cotton, or a 100 cent dollar for cotton, and a 100 cent dollar for corn or shovels. It challenges any one to gainsay this.

Prices and the Act of 1873.

Now for the facts. The act of 1873 in question became a law on the 13th of February. What was the effect? Wheat, rye, oats and corn rose above the price of 1872, while cotton declined. In 1874 wheat dropped a little; corn made a jump upward; cotton declined; oats and rye rose. In 1875 there was a general decline. In 1876 there was a rise in wheat and a

decline in corn, oats, rye and cotton. In 1877 there was another rise in wheat, carrying the price above that of 1870 and up to that of 1871, years preceding the act of 1873. Evidently except the 200 cent dollar had not made its mark as yet, they say, that the act of 1873 was passed in secret, people did not know anything about it, and prices remained measurably steady, in ignorance of what dreadful things had happened. If so, then it would appear that, if the knowing ones had only kept silent about it, the gold dollar would have modestly remained a 100 cent dollar and nobody would have been hurt. But, seriously speaking, it would be said that with this 1873 was passed, still using dollars as paper money, that neither gold nor silver was in circulation, and that therefore the demonetization would not be felt. Very well. But, then, in 1870 specific payments were required. Metallic money circulated again. And more than that, the cry about "the crime of 1873" resounded in Congress and in the country. Then at last the 200 cent gold dollar had its opportunity. Prices were now really free, and the price of gold was not even, even if he called an extra session of congress, until some time in April or May five or six months after the day of election. But as soon as the 4th of November as the result of the election was announced everybody would know that the parity of gold and silver would not be maintained. According to Mr. Bryan's election, the silver dollar was overvalued, the gold dollar undervalued. The price of gold would then be driven out of the country and then the other. In 1872 wheat and cotton declined, while corn and oats rose. The reports here give those of the New York market. They may vary somewhat from report of farm prices, but they present the rise and decline of prices with substantial correctness.

Appeals to Prejudice In Support of Repudiation Policies Are Immoral and Bound to Fail.

Consider now what the immediate conse-

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Consider now what the immediate conse-

# An Unprecedented Gain in Weight

A Trained Nurse Gained Fifty-three Pounds by Using a Nerve Food.

## ONE OF THE MOST REMARKABLE RESULTS ON RECORD.

From the Gazette, Yonkers, N. Y.

"I don't look much like a living skeleton now, do I? And yet two years ago I weighed just seventy-two pounds," said Mrs. J. W. Coffey, of 55 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y., to a reporter. And we agreed with her, for she certainly looked anything but a living skeleton, but rather bore the appearance of a plump and attractive lady in excellent health and spirits. Continuing she said:

"I had lost my appetite and was wasting away in flesh, losing some fifty pounds in a few months. Doctors said I was threatened with consumption. I was under what was regarded as first-class medical treatment, but it had apparently little or no effect, for I kept getting worse until I was so weak that I could not attend to my household duties and could hardly walk. My husband and everybody who saw me thought surely that I would die, and there seemed no help for me."

"Tonics and stimulants and medicines all seemed useless, and I grew worse and worse until at last I resolved to seek some new remedy—one entirely out of the usual line of nauseous drugs and doses of stuff which seemed to take away what little relish I might perhaps otherwise have had for food. A friend told me of some wonderful cures effected by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I bought a box. The effect from their use was noticeable from the first and soon appeared almost miraculous, for it seemed pretty nearly like the raising of one from the dead."

"I soon commenced to eat something I had scarcely done before for weeks, and soon began to gain in flesh and strength. I went one day to the doctor's office and he was surprised at the change in me for the better. He had to confess that he had taken the pills, and he was very-minded enough to advise me to continue what was evidently doing me so much good. I took in all, six boxes, and increased in weight from 72 to 123 pounds, which is my regular and normal weight."

"Are you sure the cure is permanent?" "Well, yes. My work is that of a trained nurse, which means, as you probably know, irregular hours and at times great exhaustion. During the two years since my recovery I have had many engagements, and through them all have continued in good health, taking pleasure in the various tests made to the remarkable power of the medicinal discovery. I know of other cases effected by it. A friend of mine suffered greatly at her monthly periods. One box relieved and three boxes cured her. But I know of no ease equal to mine, for my situation was critical, desperate and almost hopeless."

Mrs. Coffey has lived in Yonkers for sixteen years, and for twelve years has followed the business of attending the sick, excepting only the period of her illness. She has hundreds of acquaintances and friends who know her to be capable and trustworthy. Many of them know how very ill she was, and are remarkably won over to her. The pills have a large sale in Yonkers and Westchester County, which will be greatly increased as their merits become better known, for they seem to be one of the medical marvels of the age.

## TRUTH

must be told in the public interest, and the truth about carpets is that our stock of floor coverings generally is a veritable fairytale of new, pleasing, and attractive novelties. The floor is too much in evidence to be dismissed without thought, too much under foot for the quality of its covering to be disregarded. Study comfort, convenience and economy by looking over our candidates for the floor. The election will be ours beyond question.

900 yd. lot of Oil Cloths, 18 to 25c.  
1,600 yd. lot of Linoleums, 37c.

Specials Every Day Until Closed.

## ABEL CARPET WALL-PAPER CO.



Built For Service...  
MADE BY  
INDIANA BICYCLE CO., H. Mueller Gun Co., Agts.  
INDIANAPOLIS IND.

Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World. Sectional and Class Prejudice.

They seek to excite the people of the west against the east, because, as Mr. Bryan said in the Chicago convention, the east injuriously interferes with the business of the west. Aye, the east has interfered with western business, but how! In helping to build western railroads, to establish western factories, to build up western towns, to move western crops, to allay western distress caused by fire, flood or drought. Has this served

with their dependents it may, for aught we know, amount to \$15,000,000 or \$20,000,000. Who are the debtors of these creditors? The savings banks had, according to the reports of 1894, loaned out about one-half of the money deposited with them on real estate mortgages and invested the other half in United States bonds, state, county and municipal bonds and railroad and other bonds and stocks. The investments of the life insurance companies were about proportionately the same. The investments in real estate, mortgages and stocks preferably in large country properties, longer than in relatively wealthy persons or business corporations. Thus the debtors to these creditors belonging to the tolling masses are the United States, states and municipalities, railroad and other corporations and persons very much richer than the creditors. Here we have, then, rich debtors owing to many millions of poor creditors thousands of millions of dollars.

The silver orators pretend that they have the tolling masses greatly at heart and that free coinage is to be introduced mainly for their benefit. How do they take care of the tolling masses in this case? By bringing us down upon the silver basis they simply cut down the thousands of millions of investment savings of poor people to about 50 cents on the dollar. For the tolling masses of these poor people, who will gain about 50 cents on the dollar. And who are they? Aside from the United States and the states and municipalities, those debtors are railroad and other corporations and more or less rich men, whom our silver friends profess to abhor very much as belonging to the "money power." Thus will the silver standard bleed the poor creditor for the benefit of the rich debtor. May not the tolling masses never learn to deliver them to their free coinage friends?

How the People's Savings Will Fare. Being constantly asked by many of my friends if Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People were doing me any good, I offer this unsolicited testimonial and answer. Never having seen a well day since I had typhoid fever last summer, I could retain scarcely any food, my limbs and joints ached and pained all the time. It was misery to me to rise up in bed and my mind was clouded, in fact was a physical wreck and I felt that my life was drawing to a close, and I must confess it was without regret on my part as my sufferings were almost unbearable.

"Since I commenced to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, at the solicitation of my wife, I have taken four boxes, and I feel like a new man, and my appetite is good and I now retain what I eat, my limbs and joints are free of pain and I have gained ten pounds in weight.

"My life is renewed and while not entirely well, I feel so much better that I unhesitatingly assert that I believe Pink Pills for Pale People a good medicine for what they are recommended. Knowing that no medicine will save life under all circumstances or in all cases, yet I do honestly believe that they have prolonged mine, or at least, where all was dark and gloomy and full of suffering it has been changed for the better."

The manufacturers of this medicine do not know of my taking it. Neither am I paid for this statement, but give it freely in answer to friends and the editor of this paper."

JOHN BAUGESS, Atlanta, Texas. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 27th day of March, 1896.

R. M. BLAYDES, Notary Public. Regarding the above testimonial of John Baugess, I beg to say that no man stands higher for honesty and veracity in all this section than John Baugess.

W. H. WRIGHT, Editor and proprietor of the Democrat at Atlanta, Texas.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an amuling remedy for all diseases arising from a poor and watery condition of the blood, such as pale and sallow complexion, general muscular weakness, loss of appetite, depression of spirits, lack of ambition, anemia, chlorosis or green sickness, palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath on slight exertion, coldness of hands or feet, swelling of the feet and limbs, pain in the back, nervous headache, dizziness, loss of memory, feebleness of will, ringing in the ears, easily fatigued, all forms of female weakness, leprosy, scrofula, chronic rheumatism, suppression of menses, hysteria, paralysis, locomotor atrophy, rheumatism, sciatica, all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood, causing scrofula, swollen glands, fever sores, rickets, hip-joint disease, hunchback, acquired deformities, decayed bones, chronic erysipelas, catarrh, consumption of the bowels and lungs, and also for invigorating the blood and system when broken down by overwork, worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions of living, recovery from acute diseases, such as fevers, etc., loss of vital powers, spermatorrhea, early decay, premature old age. They act directly on the blood, supplying to the blood all oxygen that great support of all organic life. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price 50 cents a box or six boxes for 25c, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

to enrich the east? Yes, and so it has enriched the west. Their wealth and greatness have been mutually built up by the harmonious cooperation of their brain and brain and money deposited with them on real estate mortgages and invested the other half in United States bonds, state, county and municipal bonds and railroad and other bonds and stocks. The investments of the life insurance companies were about proportionately the same. The investments in real estate, mortgages and stocks preferably in large country properties, longer than in relatively wealthy persons or business corporations. Thus the debtors to these creditors belonging to the tolling masses are the United States, states and municipalities, railroad and other corporations and persons very much richer than the creditors. Here we have, then, rich debtors owing to many millions of poor creditors thousands of millions of dollars.

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They seek to excite what they call "the poor" against what they call "the rich"—in this land of great opportunities for all, where, now as ever, so many of the poor of yesterday are among the rich of today and so many of the rich of today may be among the poor of tomorrow. Their candidate for the presidency presented a characteristic spectacle when some time ago he was kindly shown over the farm of the governor of New York, who is himself an example of the poor country boy risen by able and honest effort to affluence and distinction, and when that candidate then straightway in a public speech drew individual comparisons between the elegant houses on the Hudson and the poor houses in the west—teaching of the true American lesson of success won by honest industry, thrift and enterprise, but the lesson that those who have succeeded less should hate and fight those who have succeeded more—a lesson utterly un-American, unpatriotic and abominable!

They tell the farmer—most cruel deception—that he must and will be made independent of the world abroad, while after year from \$50,000,000 to \$70,000,000 worth of our agricultural products must seek the foreign market to find purchasers and while nothing will hurt the farmer more than a serious impairment of the great home market by a basic

silver standard!

**False Friends of Labor.**

They proclaim themselves the special champions of the tolling masses, while their policy would rob the laboring man of half of his earnings and grievously curtail the value of his wages. Am I asked, if the silver standard will relatively reduce wages, why so many employers of labor are opposed to it? The reason is obvious, because aside from all considerations of sentiment, the prudent employers of labor know that they would lose vastly more through the disastrous disturbance of business sure to be caused by a free coinage victory than they could possibly gain by the cheapening of labor, and could not the tolling masses suffer most from that disturbance of business?

He is a traitor to the laboring man who tells him that he can profit by the ruin of his employer.

The agitators denounce the gold standard as the device of monarchs and aristocrats, while the history of the world teaches that from time immemorial it was a favorite trick of unscrupulous despots to fleece their subjects by debasing the coin of the realm, and that those who out of the monetary confusion evolved fixed standards of values and money that would not cheat have always been among the most popular and successful of monarchs and especially of the poor and weak.

The task to inflame the vanity of the American people by telling them that we are great and strong enough to maintain any monetary system we like and to keep up the value of our money without regard to all the world abroad—while our own history teaches us that a century ago the American people were strong enough to shake off the yoke of Great Britain, but not strong enough to save their continental money from declining in value to nothing; that in recent times the American people were strong enough to subdue a gigantic rebellion, but not strong enough to have an indefinite issue of greenbacks at par and that the republic may be able to conquer the world. Is it will not be able to make twice two five or to make itself richer by watering its currency?

They speak of the silver dollar as the money of the constitution, while they must know that there is not one single word in the constitution which, honestly interpreted, could justify such a claim.

They invoke for their cause the names of Jefferson and Jackson, while every reader of history knows that Jefferson and Jackson would have stood aghast at their wild scheme of creating by law a false value and would have struck out the proposal in the public documents and set it aside by a vote.

Such things the free coinage agitators tell the American people, assuring them to be without intelligence. Far worse are the appeals they address to them, assuming them to be without moral sense.

**Immoral Pleas.**

They have been teaching the people that because the prices of wheat and other staples have fallen, the tolling masses are to be blamed for the depression of the gold standard. But does not the tolling mass stand aghast at the thought of creating by law a false value and would have struck out the proposal in the public documents and set it aside by a vote.

Such things the free coinage will come, the disappointment of those who brought it on.

The ultimate result is not at all uncertain.

But we are told that the Bryan panic cannot last forever; that finally the business of the country will adjust itself to the new conditions, and that we will come out well, and that confidence and prosperity will return. No, the unrest will not cease, for with the establishment of the silver basis will come the disappointment of those who brought it on.

The ultimate result is not at all uncertain. After a period of infinite confusion, disaster, humiliation, suffering and misery the American people will at last regain sanity of mind and arrive again at some very simple conclusions: That, if you pack a bunch of you, that will have more bushels, but not more grain;

that you will have more bushels, but not more grain; if you call a foot a yard, you will have more yards, but not more cloth; if you call a square rod an acre, you will have more acres, but not more land; and if you call a dollar a cent, you will have more dollars, but not more wealth—in fact, a great deal less chance for wealth, for you will have far less credit, because for less honesty. We shall then have learned again that the wit of man cannot—although insanity tries very hard—invent an economic system under which everything you have to sell will be dear and everything you have to buy will be cheap. And having got hold of these very simple truths, the American people will then recognize how wise and great the lesson was in adopting the only money in our days when broken down by overwork, worry, disease, excesses and indiscretions of living, recovery from acute diseases, such as fevers, etc., loss of vital powers, spermatorrhea, early decay, premature old age. They act directly on the blood, supplying to the blood all oxygen that great support of all organic life. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price 50 cents a box or six boxes for 25c, by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

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V PRICES.

Charley,

LE CLOTHIER.

PRICES

FAIR.

Best Quality Floor Oil Cloth, sq. 23c

yard.....

Table Oil Cloth, Potter's goods... 15c

Flower Pots, no better made..... 4c

Wringers, iron frame, good rot. \$1.48

Liners.....

1,000 boxes of Paper and Envelopes, bought from bankrupt house at 70c on the dollar. Every box has 24 sheets of paper and envelopes to match—at half price, 7c, 10c, 15c, 19c.

1,500 Tablets, 120 sheets, good quality of paper, ink or pencil, 1c or 10c for.....

HEAP STORE.

"Good Flour" Is Not Good Enough.



Pillsbury's Best

is what every housewife wants. Makes the most bread, the whitest bread, the best bread.

Get Pillsbury's Best. Ask and Insist.

III. Central Excursions to St. Louis.

On account of St. Louis Exposition the Illinois Central will sell tickets to St. Louis at one fare for the round trip. Dates of sale, 1st, 8, 15, 22, 29, 10, 15, 17, 22, 29; October 1, 8, 15, 22, 29. Tickets good returning five days from date of sale. Dates of sale, October 15, 22, 29. Good returning until October 15, 22, 29. Try the new Daylight Special, leaves Decatur at 3:30 p.m. Tickets good at City office or Depot. Sept 7-24

## BARGAIN COLUMN.

Advertisement forty words or less may be inserted in this column at the rate of 25 cents per week, payable invariably in advance.

For Sale, For Rent, Wanted, Etc.

## WANTED.

WANTED, A girl for general housework, Ad-  
dress, North Edward street. 19-dt

WANTED—Paper Hanging. With 25 years  
experience I am prepared to give prompt  
and efficient service to all parts of the city. Prices  
reasonable and work guaranteed. New Tele-  
phone No. D. M. SMITH. Apr 15-dt

## HELP WANTED.

WANTS—A girl for general housework.  
Address, North Edward street. 19-dt

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—My thoroughly Jersey Cow,  
F. C. GALEXER, 409 South Main Street. Sept 24-26

FOR SALE—A first-class business. Good  
F. C. GALEXER, 409 South Main Street. Sept 24-26

FOR SALE—A good fresh cow, four years  
old, three-quarters Jersey. Apply at 101  
South Main Street. One-half cash, balance  
on credit. F. C. GALEXER, 409 South Main Street. Sept 24-26

FOR SALE—The following smaller lots, size 2x3 each, up  
Main Street. One-half cash, balance  
on credit. F. C. GALEXER, 409 South Main Street. Sept 24-26

FOR SALE—On the corner of Church and Main  
streets, a library book and a school book  
store. The owner will please return same to his  
public office. F. C. GALEXER, 409 South Main Street. Sept 24-26

FOR SALE—Three hundred dollars buys three  
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FOR SALE—Three hundred dollars

# ROCKWOOD POTTERY.

Fancy Pieces in Wedgewood.

## FINE DELFT CHINA.

A Fine New Assortment of Rich Cut Glass.

A Beautiful Line of Fancy Pieces in French China.

All of these goods at prices to suit the times. See our front window.

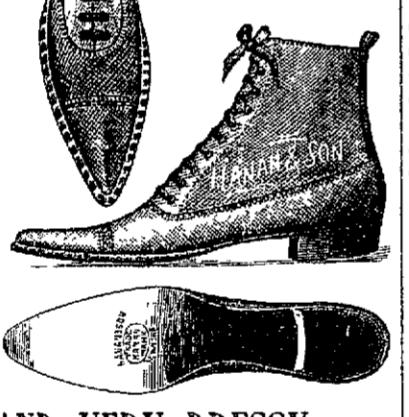
Otto E. Curtis & Bro.,

156 EAST MAIN STREET.

THESE CUTS represent the newest thing in Hagan & Sons' Fall and Winter Styles in

### SHOES.

The Royal Toe is the proper thing this year. We have just received an invoice of Hagan & Sons' goods. They are Enamored, Calf and Glazed Kid with double soles.



THEY ARE NEAT AND VERY DRESSY.

HAGAN & SONS' GOODS

ARE RIGHT UP TO DATE. SEE THEM.

The F. H. COLE SHOE CO.,  
B. F. BOBO, Manager.

Jackets and Capes.

SPECIAL VALUES THIS WEEK.

Ladies' Jackets at.....\$4.95, 6.50, 7.50, 10.00  
Ladies Heavy Capes at.....\$5.00, 7.50, 10.00  
Ladies' Fall Weight Capes.....\$1.50, 2.95, 3.50, 5.00  
Children's School Jackets \$1.00, \$1.50, 2.50, 3.50, 5.00  
Misses' Jackets.....\$2.50, 3.50, 4.50, 5.00, 7.50

### Cloak Making and Repairing.

We make to order any special size of Cape or Jacket. We re-line Fur Capes and Muffs and make Cloaks over into Capes.

### WINTER DRY GOODS.

Cotton Flannel, per yard.....	5c, 7c, 8c, 10c
Ladies' Ribbed Fleeced Shirts and Drawers, each.....	25c
Ladies' All Wool Vests and Pants, each.....	75c and \$1.00
Children's Ribbed Underwear, per garment.....	25c
Ladies' Cashmere Wool Hose, per pair.....	95c
Ladies' Best Calico Wrappers, each.....	75c and \$1.00
Grey Blankets, per pair.....	\$2.50
Good All Wool Blankets, per pair.....	98c
Bed Comforts, each.....	



Chas. T. Johnston,  
151 NORTH WATER STREET.

### YOUR TOOTH BRUSH

was not a good one perhaps; brushes came out and it was gone in a few days. Try our special 25c brush, it is fine. We have brushes cheaper and some higher in price.

### KING'S DRUG STORE,

Cor. Main and Water Sts.

### LOCAL NEWS.

Denz, Tailor, 117 North Water St.

You pay a little more for Sleeth's portraits but—

Go to Henry's bakery for all kinds of bread, cakes, pies, etc. June 22nd

Sleeth is the only photographer in the city who guarantees satisfaction.

Dr. L. E. Coonradt, Dentist, rooms 42 and 43 Fenton block. Aug 24th

I forgot to order meat; don't mind it, get a nice fry chicken from the Pearl Oyster Fish Co. Tel. 344.—22nd

The old reliable K & W cigars are made by John Weigand, Mich 25-dwt.

Little Diana cigar; business men's ideal smoke; 5 for 10 cents; 100 for \$1.50. L. Chodat's News House.—14-dwt

Come in; we have fresh bulk oysters. Pearl Oyster and Fish Co. Tel. 344, 213 North Main.—22d-st

West's Drug Store this week sells Palmer's Frangipani perfume at 60c an ounce.

Why, of course, neighbor, you can get fresh fish daily by calling at the Pearl Oyster and Fish Co. Tel. 344.—22nd

The board of supervisors of Mason county found it unnecessary, at their recent meeting, to make a tax levy for county purposes this year.

### Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Work of the Members of the Association and Meetings to be Held Next Week.

A big meeting will be held at Y. M. C. A. rooms some row afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. It will be a special meeting, a celebration of Illinois day. J. H. Burt, of Chicago, will be here and will give an address to men on the subject of "Keeping Step." The young men of the state and their condition will be reviewed. A full turn out of the members is requested. Mr. Burt arrived in the city last night and is the guest of Secretary Woodford.

The button badges for the opposing teams in the Y. M. C. A. membership contest will be here in a few days when the captains will call meetings of the teams and push the work. Thirteen memberships are now on file as result of the contest.

Boys under 16 years of age are not allowed in the association rooms after 6 o'clock because the management consider that boys of that age should be at home in the evenings and the association has no facilities for entertaining the boys at night as that time is given to the young men who are employed during the day.

A young men's Sunday will be held at Perrin hall next Sunday. Several workers from Decatur will attend and conduct the meeting.

The bible training class will hold its first session Sunday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

All boys under 16 years of age who belong to the junior or intermediate classes are requested to meet with the physical director for enrollment Tuesday afternoon at 4:15 p.m. The senior classes are thoroughly organized and the members are doing good work.

### At the High School.

The regular meeting of the Alpha Beta Literary society was held last evening at the High school. There was a recitation by Fred Nidermeyer. The newspaper was read by Ralph Mills and the query box was conducted by Harry Lanham.

Mrs. Lena Ulrich is teaching in place of Mrs. Elder who is ill.

The young ladies of the High school met yesterday afternoon and formed a literary society.

Prof. Shoppard, the principal, is encouraging the boys of the school in outdoor sports. Every morning foot races and other exercises are held in which the principal takes part. The boys are making plans to form a football team.

### A 16 to 1 Dollar.

There is on exhibition at the Race Clothing Co. store one of the first issues of the Bryan free silver dollar. It is an exact copy of the present sound money dollar, but is 11 $\frac{1}{4}$  inches in circumference and 3 $\frac{1}{2}$  inches in diameter. On one side are the words, "United States of America," "16 to 1," "bit," and on the other side the head of the Goddess of Liberty."

### State Fair Tickets.

To-day the Wabash began the sale of excursion tickets to Springfield for the state fair. The rate is one fare (\$1.16) for the round trip. The tickets are good until Monday after the fair and can be used by the members of the Christian Endeavor to attend the state convention.

### Funeral To-Day.

The funeral of the late Miss Nora Holly will be held to-morrow afternoon at 3:30 o'clock at St. Patrick's Catholic church. The burial will be at Calvary cemetery.

Attorney J. M. Clokey spoke earnestly and effectively in English, and poured hot shot into the Democratic ranks; show-

### POLITICS AT THE TENT

Big Rally of German Voters in the Fifth Ward—All for McKinley.

### BAND MUSIC AND TORCH PARADE

Splendid Speeches on Sound Money and the Tariff by Colonel Stemming and Attorney Clokey—

Cheers for McKinley.

The German Republicans and sound money voters of the northern and eastern sections of the city captured the Fifth ward last night and held possession in a blaze of light and true blue political enthusiasm until nearly 11 o'clock. It was the occasion of the sound money rally in the big tent which had been erected at the corner of East Sangamon and Calhoun streets, and the speakers were Hon. Theodore Stemming, of Chicago, and Attorney J. M. Clokey.

The meeting was a huge success and was in every way creditable to the management. The tent was packed and many were compelled to stand or sit on the grass. The disorderly element was in evidence at intervals, but the disturbers who were mainly boys were urged to yell or tout horns by meddlesome Democrats who lacked the nerve to do their own dirty work. Officers Schmitz and Holser were on duty and with the aid of the captain and lieutenants of the German marching clubs good order was preserved beneath the tent, and the willful disturbers on the outside were promptly suppressed every time they made a break.

Torch Light Parade.

Before the meeting the German clubs headed by the German Lutheran concert band made a brilliant torchlight parade, starting from the Warren street school house in the Sixth ward and moving down Broadway to Eldorado thence east to the south end of the Fifth ward, where the club in that part of the city joined the procession. The column then moved on to Jasper street, north to Marietta street, west to Calhoun street, then south to the meeting place. Nearly all of the parades, about 300 in number, were in the uniform of the McKinley marching club organization. There were shouts for McKinley all along the route, and a great number of women, girls and boys followed the procession on the walks to the tent. The Republicans were out and the whole Fifth ward was aroused and kept awake until after 11 o'clock.

At the Tent.

The American flag was brought in by the German standard bearer and placed before the platform. After a well executed selection by the German Lutheran band, Captain Lytle, chairman of the Republican county central committee, called the meeting to order and presented Henry Metz of the Fourth ward McKinley club to introduce Colonel Stemming. Mr. Metz spoke in German, and said he had known Mr. Stemming when he lived in Dubuque, Iowa, that he had always been a Republican; that he had gone into the law as a private and had come out as a colonel, earning the promotions for his bravery in fighting for freedom and the preservation of the Union, and that he had twice represented his district in the Illinois legislature.

Colonel Stemming was received with enthusiasm, and for over an hour he addressed the attentive assemblage in the German language. He covered patriotism, love of country and a stable government and the money question, touching the coinage laws in a plain manner from the earliest history of the country down to the present time. He pointed out in emphatic terms what would result in case the free silver people were successful at the polls--how gold would be driven out of the country, how factories would close and distress and want would come. Colonel Stemming bogged his audience to remember what Bismarck said about the free coinage of silver in 1871 when he disapproved of the policy. They were also reminded that Austria and Hungary after trying the free silver policy were compelled to borrow \$5,000,000 to get back upon a gold basis. The history of Germans in America and how they responded to Lincoln's call for troops was mentioned and that the Germans thought as much of this country as they did the fatherland. A most convincing point he made was when he told of the premium he found upon the American dollar in Germany when he was there two years ago.

Mr. Stemming called special attention to the Populist and disturbing utterances of Bryan and plainly indicated that he either didn't know what he was talking about or was going about in the vain hope of winning votes by posing as a sensationalist, appealing to the prejudices of the people and railing class against class. He urged the people to vote the Republican ticket to rout the Populists and all who would bring distress to the land. Throughout his address Colonel Stemming was accorded the closest attention. All were delighted to hear the political issues presented in their native tongue. Applause and clapping of hands frequently interrupted the speaker whose logic and eloquence riveted attention.

Attorney J. M. Clokey spoke earnestly and effectively in English, and poured hot shot into the Democratic ranks; show-

ing up how they had fooled the people in 1892, by crying free trade, and how they were now trying to fool them again by the free silver dodge, persistently ignoring the tariff issue, knowing that it was the enactment of free trade measures which has killed industries in America and filled the cities and towns with idle men, besides cutting down wages. Mr. Clokey alluded in complimentary terms to the excellent address of Colonel Stemming, arousing shouts of approval. Discussing the condition of labor Mr. Clokey said that when there are more jobs than labor affords, labor is dependent. This is the state of affairs we have now when jobs have been demonetized. The worst enemy that labor can have is unemployed labor and the result is when six fellows are bidding for your job it goes to the lowest bidder who says he must have money for his family. This is the Webber illustration and this will be the state of affairs when the country is idle. Then you will be paid with 50-cent dollars from which the farmer can protect himself and from which the laborer cannot. A lot of you voted for Cleveland and got it in the neck and see how many days you have been idle since. When the Democrats stopped the wheels they stopped coal digging and when you don't dig coal you don't get pay. Politics is business and you are interested in having the factories fired up.

The meeting closed with three cheers for McKinley and Colonel Stemming. It was nearly 11 o'clock before the crowd dispersed.

**Incited to Disturb the Meeting.**

When the marching clubs approached the tent before the speaking began somebody from the crowd threw eggs, one of which struck a German member of the Fifth ward club. Clubs were flying through the air, all thrown at the clubs and some pelted the tent. Later a free silver man stood up and attempted to disturb Mr. Clokey, but he was pulled down, although Mr. Clokey wanted him to stand up until he got through trilling him.

While Colonel Stemming was speaking nearly one hundred boys, led by several free silver voters, marched from the east end of the Fifth ward, bearing a few torches, coming toward the tent on Sangamon street. The gang had drums and tin buckets on which they made a din. The police headed off the disturbers and stopped the noise. There were several feeble shouts for Bryan. Mr. Stemming had to stop his address for a few minutes. The boys gathered in a saloon but were driven out by the proprietor, and later most of the gang marched away.

It was learned that Thursday several free silver strikers from up town made it their business to make a house to house tour of the Fifth ward. The object was an attempt to break up the meeting. They got but little encouragement anywhere, but it seems that their dirty work was not entirely fruitless.

**It Was Cake Who Said It.**

The following is from the report in a Decatur Populist paper of a Demopopulist meeting at Harrington which was arranged by the Rev. E. B. Hale.

"I would rather be the blackest nigger in the state of Kentucky than Major Win. McKinley, forced to appear in his present position before the American people," said Rev. Cate in thunderous tones that reverberated in the four walls of the Harrington town hall last night. And the speaker stamped his foot to give emphasis to the remark. The assertion was greeted with applause and cries of "Good," "Go on."

And so Cate said it and said it in thunderous tones that reverberated in the four walls of the hall, and then "stamp'd his foot to give emphasis to the remark." Well, what of it? It simply recalls the fact that men belonging to the same civilization that Cate does, in the 90's, said meaner things about Abraham Lincoln and stamped their feet to add emphasis to the remarks, than Cate said about McKinley; but their vaporings did not, for one moment, penetrate his splendid patriotism, and as a man and a patriot, Lincoln lives in the hearts of the American people today for what he did, and for doing what he was maligned and cursed by men who had no more power to curse than Bismarck had, or than Cate has, while the licksplitters who assailed him are buried in thousands of unnamed and forgotten graves.

**Macon County Teachers' Meeting.**

The meeting of the teachers of Macon county held at the office of County Superintendent Keller to day was largely attended and general interest was manifested in the exercises. This was the program rendered:

Song—"America."

"Teaching Writing to First Year Children"—Miss Mame Chamberlain.

"How to Develop Ideas Instead of Idles"—Miss Kate Edmunds.

"Drawing in the Schools"—General discussion led by W. A. Phillips.

"Root, Stem and Leaves, First Two Months in Reading Circle Work"—J. E. Underwood.

"Demand for Progressive Teachers"—George S. Morris.

Song—"Battle Hymn of the Republic."

**Band Concert.**

If the weather is favorable on Sunday Goodman's Band will give a concert at Riverside Park. It will be the last concert of the season.

One must be a "pioneer singer."

**Highest of all in Leavening Power—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.**

**Political News.**

Lane of March for the Republicans

Rally

Monday Night.

**RECEPTION FOR UNION GENERALS.**

Ex Gov. Oglesby May Present on the

Night of Oct. 8 Meeting at the

Country Club

Night.

**VOL. XXIV.**

**THE GLASS WORK**

They Reach Canton and